

## **2** I can describe what somebody is doing.

→p. 62/2

What are these people doing? Put in the missing words.



- 1. The old man <u>is reading the newspaper.</u>
- 2. He is <u>sitting on a chair.</u>
- 3. Mr Blake <u>is cleaning the barbecue</u>.
- 4. Tom and Jake <u>are playing cards</u>.
- 5. The dog <u>is sleeping (on the grass)</u>.
- 6. The two girls in the background <u>are putting up a tent.</u>



#### →p. 63/3

Put in the right words.

found started told came was walking					
looked gave didn't know asked was thinking					
Yesterday evening I <u>was walking</u> down Mayfield Road in Edinburgh when					
I <u>found</u> a phone on the street. I stopped and <u>looked</u> at it. At first I <u>didn't know</u>					
what to do. While I <u>was thinking</u> , the phone suddenly <u>started</u> to make a strange noise.					
Somebody was phoning. I answered the phone and a young man <u>told</u> me that it was his phone.					
He <u>asked</u> me where I was. Then he told me to stay there. After ten minutes he <u>came</u> to					
Mayfield Road and I <u>gave</u> him his phone. He was very happy and I went home.					

#### \_/8P **4** I can present a famous person.

→p. 63/4

\_\_\_**/5P** →p. 63/5 Finish the text about John Logie Baird. Use the information from the box.

John Logie Baird was a famous <u>inventor</u> He was born in Scotland on <u>14th August 1888.</u>

In 1922, he went to <u>the south of</u>

England . In 1926 he invented

the world's <u>first TV</u>. Five years later he

married Margaret Albu. They had

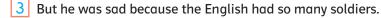
two children , Malcolm and Diana.

He <u>died</u> on 14th June 1946.

A FAMOUS INVENTOR					
name: John	John Logie Baird				
	14th August 1888 in Scotland				
<b>lived where:</b> went from Glasgow to the south of England in 1922					
invention:	the world's first TV in 1926				
married:	Margaret Albu in 1931				
children:	Malcolm and Diana				
died:	14th June 1946				

## **5** I can understand a comic strip about a battle.

Read the comic strip on pages 83-86 in your book again. Put the sentences in the right order.



- 5 In the end the Scots won an important battle and they were very proud of their king.
- 1 In 1306 Robert the Bruce became king of Scotland.
- 4 Then he saw a spider in a cave and knew that he shouldn't give up.
- 2 As the new king, he wanted to beat the English and keep them out of Scotland.



## $\circ~1\,$ I can say what I find interesting about Scotland.

- a) Complete the sentences.
  - 1. In Scotland you can see men with a kilt
  - 2. You can listen to traditional <u>bagpipe</u> music.
  - 3. The best place for hiking and camping are the <u>Highlands/mountains</u>
  - 4. In the past Scotland had its own king or <u>queen</u>
  - 5. People say there is a green monster in Loch Ness
- b) What do YOU find interesting about Scotland? Name three things, places or activities.

## • **2** I can describe what somebody is doing.

Circle the right words.

The people is/are watching the Highland Games. They am/are having fun. One girl isn't/aren't looking. She is/are eating a burger. The man next to her is/isn't drinking a bottle of lemonade.



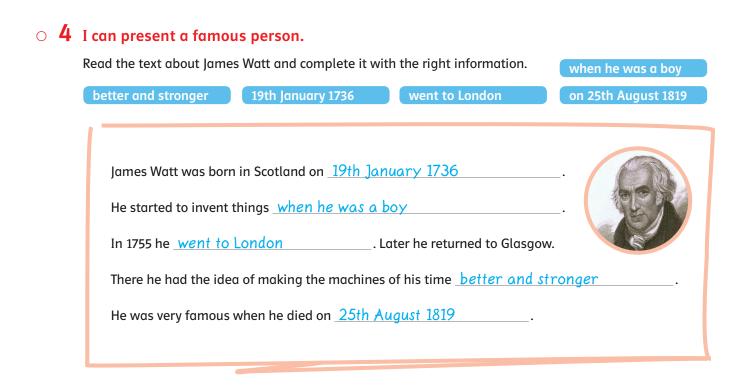
# • 3 I can say what was happening at a certain time.

Match the sentence parts and make a story about the picture.

- 1. Yesterday afternoon Luke went —
- 2. They were walking through the park -
- 3. Luke told him to stop,
- 4. He was scared
- 5. She came to the park and
- 6. In the end they found Sherlock



- when suddenly Sherlock ran away.
- -and decided to call his mum.
- to the park with Sherlock.
- by a small lake. He was playing with another dog.
- but Sherlock didn't listen. Luke didn't know what to do.
- they looked for Sherlock together.



## • 5 I can understand a comic strip about a battle. (Lösungsvorschlag)

Look at the comic strip in your book on pages 83–86 again. What can you find out about the English and the Scottish? Take notes. You don't need to write complete sentences.





What do they want?	want to have Scotland	want to be free
Who is their leader?	King Edward I	Robert the Bruce
What is their army like?	strong army	not so many soldiers
	many soldiers	army does not give up
	impossible to beat	army knows and loves the land
	have problems: can't fight on wet ground	
How does the story end for them?	give up	win
	run away	are very proud of their king

# **DICTIONARY SKILLS**

Can you use a dictionary?



#### **Greyfriars Bobby**

<sup>1</sup> In the old town of Edinburgh there is a statue of a skye terrier. The dog is called Greyfriars Bobby. He is Scotland's most famous dog.

John Gray was a police officer and Bobby was his dog. Together they walked around the streets of Edinburgh because they wanted to

5 keep people safe. One day John became very ill. He died in 1858 and they buried him at Greyfriars Church. The little dog came and sat next to his master's grave every day.

His story touched the people of Edinburgh. They built a shelter for the dog next to John's grave where it was warm and he could sleep.

10 He sat by his master's grave for fourteen years. He died in 1872 at the age of 16. The people buried him next to John Gray.

The statue of Bobby is very popular. Visitors from all over the world come there to hear Bobby's story and take pictures of his statue. Everybody loves the amazing story of the most loyal dog in Scotland.



## **1** Look at the dictionary entry.

a) Read the dictionary entry for 'touch':

touch [tʌtʃ] I.n <pl -es> 1 Berührung f; at the ~ of a button auf Knopfdruck 2 no pl (ability to feel) Tasten *nt;* the sense of ~ der Tastsinn 3 no pl (communication) Kontakt m; to be in ~ with sb/sth mit jdm/etw in Kontakt sein II. vt (1) berühren, anfassen 2 (move emotionally) bewegen ▶ to ~ a [raw] nerve einen wunden Punkt berühren **III.** *vi* berühren touch down vi aviat landen • touch off *vt* auslösen • touch on, touch upon *vi* ansprechen touch up vt (1) (improve) auffrischen; photograph retuschieren 2 BRIT (fam: assault sexually) to ~ sb up jdn begrapschen *pej* 

The words in a dictionary are in groups or 'entries'.

When you look at an entry, you get a lot of information about this word. All of it together is called an 'entry'.

This part tells you how to say the word.

This part tells you that the word is a noun (or a verb, an adjective, ...).

In the entry you can find useful phrases.

Many words have more than one meaning. There is a number for each meaning.

These synonyms help you find the right meaning.

- **b)** Use the entry for 'touch' to find the right German word(s) in these sentences:
  - 1. The story of Greyfriars Bobby touches everybody who hears it. <u>emotional bewegen</u>
  - 2. Let's stay in touch. mit jemandem in Kontakt bleiben
  - 3. You can open the box at the touch of a button. auf Knopfdruck



## **2** Tick the right answer.

α)		oon't look up all the new words. Sometimes you can guess their meaning. Juess the right answer.				
	1.	"In the old town of Edinburgh there is a <u>statue</u> of a skye terrier."		We have the same word in German!		
		a) Gemälde				
		b) Fußspuren				
		c) Statue	$\checkmark$			
	2.	"Together they [] we	r they [] wanted to keep people <u>safe</u> ."	We use this word in German too. We use it for a thing, but here it		
		a) informiert				
		b) sicher	✓	is an adjective.		
		c) glücklich				
	3. "They built a shelter fo		ney built a <u>shelter</u> for the dog [] where it was warm			
		and he could sleep."		The end of the sentence tells you what it is.		
		a) Ablage				
		b) Unterschlupf	$\checkmark$			
		c) Hilfsprojekt				

b) Now look up the words in a dictionary. Were you right?

## **3** Look up more words from the text.

Which other words in the text don't you understand? Write them down and find their meanings in a dictionary. (individuelle Lösung)



You can use an online dictionary too. But don't just use the first meaning: Read all the information and then decide which meaning you need.

German word

