# A project English and Biology

#### Step 1: Breakfast in different countries

a) Which of these breakfasts would / wouldn't you like to eat? Say why.

English people sometimes eat toast with eggs, bacon and sausages for breakfast. (Kids often just have cereal with milk!)





Lots of Japanese people eat a clear soup with rice and vegetables for breakfast.

b) What about your breakfast? Write down on a card what everyone in the group has.

## Step 2: Looking at food and nutrients

There are seven nutrients in the food that we eat. A good diet has all of these nutrients.

Carbohydrate gives the body energy. **Protein** is for growth and repair of the body. Fat gives energy and keeps it in the body. Minerals and vitamins (both in small amounts) keep the body healthy. **Fibre** helps food to move through the body. We need water for cells and body fluids.



Compare the information above with what you have found out about breakfast in your group. Do you think you eat a healthy breakfast? Is breakfast in other countries healthier?

### Step 3: A project: A healthy breakfast

Make a poster with a menu for a healthy breakfast. The breakfast should have all seven nutrients. Present your poster to the other people in your class and talk about it with them. (You can find useful phrases for this on page 105.)

toast [təʊst] – Toast, Japanese [ˌdʒæpˈniz] – japanisch, nutrient [ˈnju:trɪənt] – Nährstoff, carbohydrate [ka:bə'haidreit] - Kohlenhydrat, energy ['enədʒi] - Energie, protein ['prəʊti:n] - Protein, growth [grəυθ] – Wachstum, repair [rɪˈpəer] – Reparatur, mineral [ˈmɪnrl] – Mineralstoff, amount [əˈmaʊnt] - Menge, fibre [ˈfaɪbə] - Ballaststoff, cell [sel] - Zelle, fluid [ˈfluːd] - Flüssigkeit

# A project English and Geography

#### Step 1: A wet country?

a) Look at these annual average rainfall totals and find the places in your atlas.

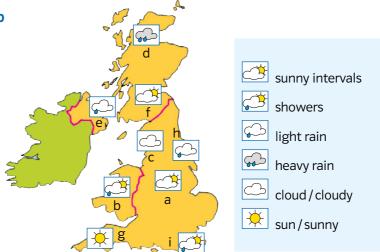
Fort William: 1900 mm Manchester: Falmouth: 800 mm 1100 mm Glasgow: Norwich: Newcastle: 1200 mm 600 mm 670 mm

b) Find a relief map of the UK in your atlas (it shows the highland and lowland areas). Which of the places are in highland and which are in lowland areas? Which areas are wetter?

### Step 2: A weather map

Southern Scotland Northern Ireland Wales North-east England North-west England South-east England South-west England The Midlands

Northern Scotland

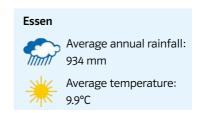


- a) Look at the weather map. Match the letters on the map with the regions on the left.
- h) Use the map to tell your partner about today's weather in three of the regions. Start like this: The weather in ... today is .... There is / are ... in ...

## Step 3: A presentation: The climate in the UK and Germany

a) Work in small groups. Each group finds out about one of the regions in Step 2. Collect information (from your atlas or the Internet) about the annual rainfall total and temperature in the region.

b) Compare the region with your part of Germany. Which is wetter/hotter? Present your results to the class.



annual average rainfall total [ænjuəl ævrıdʒ ˈreɪnfɔːl ˌtəotl] – durchschnittliche Niederschlagsmenge pro Jahr, atlas [ˈætləs] - Atlas, relief [rɪˈliːf] - Relief, highland [ˈhaɪlənd] - Hochland-, lowland [ˈləʊlənd] - Flachland-, interval [ˈɪntəvl] – Abschnitt, shower [ˈʃaʊə] – Regenschauer, light rain [laɪt ˈreɪn] – Nieselregen, heavy rain [,hevi 'rem] starker Regen, climate ['klaımət] - Klima, temperature ['temprətʃə] - Temperatur, degree Celsius (°C) [dɪˌgri: 'selsiəs] – Grad Celsius