# 4

# Utopia and dystopia

### Possible answers and solutions

**1.** Outline what the Controller says about the concept of happiness in the new state. (*Comprehension*)

Aspects of the assignment:

- Concept of happiness:

Phrases from the text you could have highlighted	Your own words/paraphrases (Use your dictionary!)
"The world's stable now. People are happy; they get what they want, and they never want what they can't get." (II.44–45)	In the new state happiness and stability depend upon each other.
"They're so conditioned that they practically can't help behaving as they ought to behave." (II.47–48)	Stability is achieved with the help of conditioning i.e. people are trained to behave in certain ways, they have no free will.
"They're blissfully ignorant of passion and old age; they're plagued with no mothers or fathers; they've got no wives, or children, or lovers to feel strongly about; []" (II.46–47)	<ul> <li>Stability means the absence of emotional disturbances that might be caused by strong feelings like passion or fear.</li> <li>There are no close relationships to members of the opposite sex or members of the family; marriage and families are institutions that no longer exist.</li> </ul>
"But why is it prohibited? [] Because it's old; that's the chief reason." (II.19–21) "Beauty's attractive, and we don't want people to be attracted by old things. We want them to like the new ones." (II.24–25)	<ul> <li>Laws forbid the use of old things like Shakespeare's plays because they might be more attractive than the new ones.</li> <li>People might reject (and not buy?) the new things.</li> </ul>
"They're well-off; they're safe; they're never ill; []" (II.45–46)	To the inhabitants of the new state happiness means physical wellbeing.

**Task 1** aims at the content of the text (*Anforderungsbereich* 1).

Outline means that you have to give the main features, structure or general principle of a topic, without minor details. The topic is mentioned in the assignment: happiness in the new state. Make sure you use your own words. Your English-English dictionary will help you to do so. Avoid quotations but add some line references in brackets: (I.6) or (II.13–14).

2. Characterise the Controller and explain how the point of view used in this passage influences the reader's perception of him. (*Analysis*)

Aspects of the assignment

The Controllers' character:

Phrases from the text you could have highlighted	Your own words/paraphrases (Use your dictionary!)
"Sometimes a thousand twangling instruments will hum about my ears and sometimes voices." (I.12) "But as I make the laws here, I can also break them." (II.15–16) "Because our world is not the same as	The Controller is an educated man who understands and controls the system. Unlike the other inhabitants of the new world he still has his free will. He is very eloquent and argues with John in a convincing way.

**Task 2** aims at the formal elements of the text (*Anforderungsbereich* 2).

Characterise means that you have to describe and examine the way in which the character (here: Mustapha Mond) is presented.

**Explain** means that you describe and define an aspect of the text (here: point of view) in detail. Short quotations from the text might be necessary. Never give your opinion in this *Anforderungsbereich*.



#### - Point of view:

Phrases from the text you could have highlighted	Your own words/paraphrases (Use your dictionary!)
(Complete excerpt)	The scene is presented from a third- person point of view; the narrator is not involved in the story. He does not comment on what he narrates.
"He had been prepared to lie, to bluster, to remain sullenly unresponsive; but reassured by the good-humoured intelligence of the Controller's face, he decided to tell the truth, straightforwardly." (II.3–5) "Bernard started and looked horrified. What would the Controller think?" (I.6)	The narrator has access to the thoughts and feelings of the characters, but he is selective. He presents mainly what John experiences. Occasionally the reader catches a glimpse of what Bernard Marx thinks, too.

- Influence on reader's perception:

Phrases from the text you could have highlighted	Your own words/paraphrases (Use your dictionary!)
"the good-humoured intelligence" (I.4) "sudden pleasure" (I.13) "the excitement of meeting a man who had read Shakespeare" (II.19–20)	John's first impression of the Controller is very positive: he is encouraged to be open and feels impressed by the Controller's knowledge. The narrator's focus on John means that the reader is likely to share John's view.
(any of John's questions)	Like the reader, John is a stranger in the new world and knows little about the way it works; he can ask the questions the reader might have, too.

- 3. a) Compare Huxley's fantasy of the future with the idea of the pursuit of happiness in the American Dream. Do you think there exists a "general" idea of happiness? Explain your idea. (Evaluation: comment)
- Ideas for possible comments: individual definitions of happiness, modern forms of entertainment, development of mass media.
- Individual definitions of happiness there seem to be elements that are of crucial importance:
- freedom (you can choose different lifestyles, e.g. family, friends, homosexual partners, etc.)
- you are allowed to say what you think
- "real" emotions like love, affection, etc. are important and you must be free in expressing them (e.g. people "make" babies not test-tubes!)
- 3. b) Do you think that today's discussion about cloning embryos for organtransplant can result in a world described in Huxley's novel? (Evaluation: comment)

Examples for arguments in favour of a process of cloning:

Cloning embryos is the first step into a future where modifying human beings will be "normal". The more this development proceeds the more unscrupulous scientists will become. The discussion about designed babies has already begun. For example, by manipulating genetic codes it may be possible to avoid certain diseases from the beginning. **Task 3 a)** aims at an evaluation of the text (*Anforderungsbereich* 3).

Compare means that you are expected to point out similarities and differences. In this assignment you are expected to refer to some common ideas of happiness as well as stating that there, of course, exist individual ones.

**Task 3 b)** aims at an evaluation of the text (*Anforderungsbereich* 3).

In this assignment you are expected to comment on the subject of genetic engineering. After that you have to state your opinion.

Furthermore, the value of cloning in the fight against serious diseases has already been recognized. Cloning and replacing affected organs may become an important method in the future.

Examples for arguments against a process of cloning:

- There are many people or organisations (e.g. church) that are strongly against cloning.
- Examples of experiments (e.g. Dolly) have shown that cloning can have unexpected consequences.
- 3. c) Re-read the excerpt from the novel, concentrating on what we learn about Bernard Marx's reactions and feelings. Use these clues to write an interior monologue which shows what he is thinking while listening to John and the World Controller. (Evaluation: re-creation of text)

## Your text should

- interpret the clues given in the text in the right way. Make it clear that Bernard is frightened and miserable. He is not deceived by the Controller's good humour and worries about being punished.
- express thoughts/feelings that are in line with what we learn about Bernard's personality: He is, after all, an intelligent Alpha. Decide how critical of the system he is.
- present ideas that fit in with the course of John's and the Controller's conversation.
- arrange these ideas in a suitable order.
- observe the conventions of interior monologue, i.e. try to imitate how the character's mind works. This means that you use mainly informal language and that you don't have to use complete sentences.

### You can start like this:

Why did I ever bring John back? I should have known he would cause trouble. He won't ever listen to me anymore. Doesn't he realise how powerful the Controller is? ...

Task 3 b) aims at an evaluation of the text by reflecting on its theme in a different type of text (Anforderungsbereich 3). That means that you must keep to the conventions of the required kind of text (here: interior monologue).