

More and more people Escape from the countryside

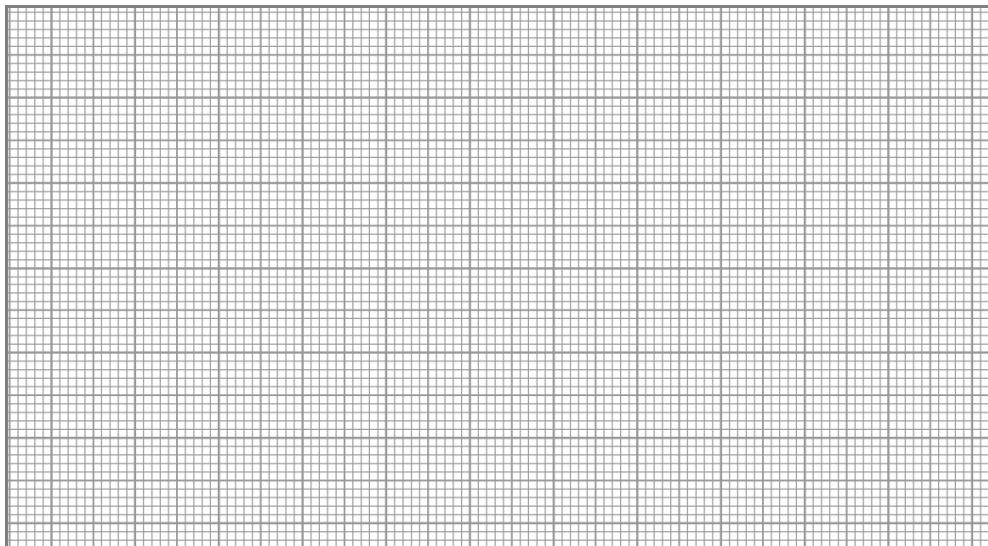
Case study: Bangalore (India)

Bangalore is a city which is located in the south of India. India's third biggest city has the highest growth rate in India and is a famous symbol of India's successful information technology.

1 Population growth of Bangalore

- a) Draw a line graph. Use a suitable scale. Make sure you use the horizontal axis for the years.

Census	Population
1941	400,000
1951	780,000
1961	1,200,000
1971	1,650,000
1981	2,900,000
1991	4,100,000
2001	5,100,000
2011	8,400,000



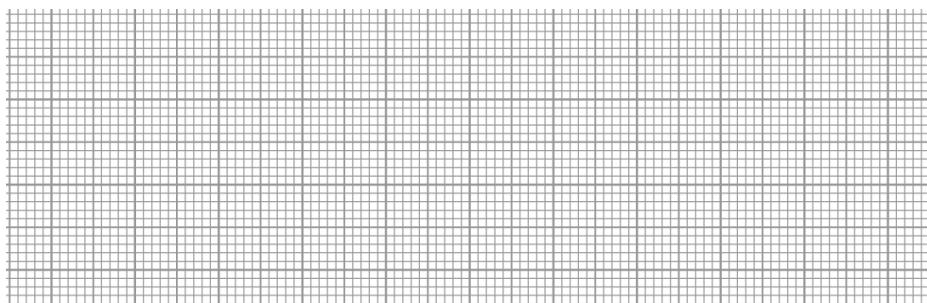
- b) Find out which ten-year period had the highest increase.

- c) Figure out the increase of the population between 2001 and 2011 in per cent.

2 Push and pull factors – why people moved from an urban area to the city of Bangalore in 2011

- a) Draw a pie chart of the push and pull factors in Bangalore.

only pull factors	27%
mainly pull factors	27%
mainly push factors	12%
only push factors	7%
both the same	27%



- b) Summarise the most important information in two sentences.

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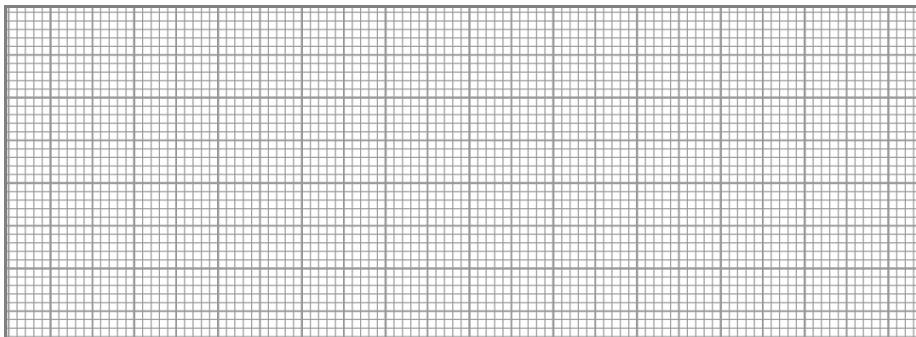
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3 Population density

a) Mumbai is the city with the highest population density in the world.

Draw a horizontal bar chart about the population density of these cities. Use a suitable scale.

City	Population per square km
Mumbai	30,000
Bangalore	10,000
London	5,000
Stuttgart	3,000



b) List three problems which a high population density in a city can cause.
