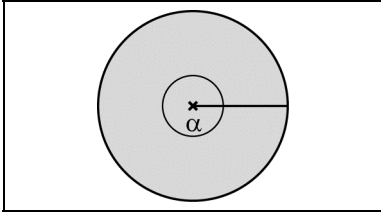
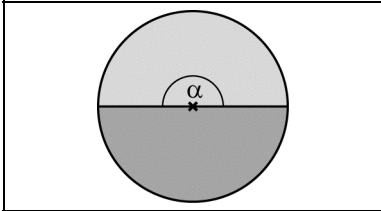
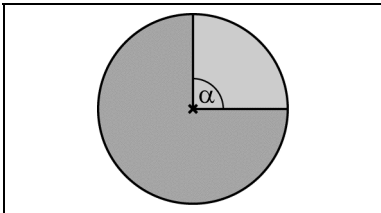
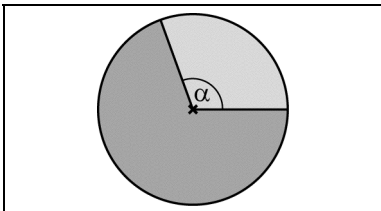
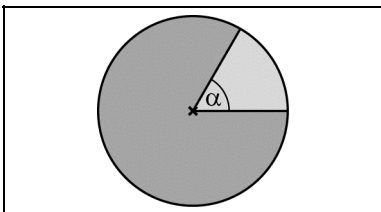
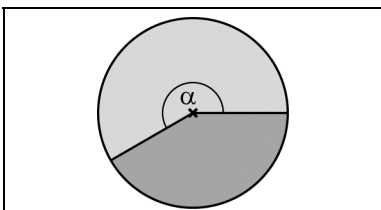


Einteilung der Winkel. Winkelarten

- 1 Jeweils drei Kärtchen gehören zusammen.
 Markiere zusammengehörende Kärtchen mit gleicher Farbe.

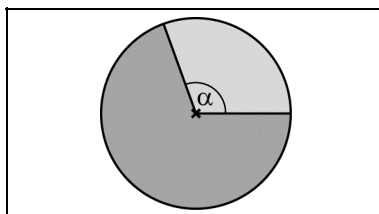
Tipp: Male bei den Kreisen nicht alles aus, sondern nur die hellen Bereiche.
 So erkennst du besser, wie groß der Winkel ist.

$\alpha = 110^\circ$		spitzer Winkel
$\alpha = 210^\circ$		rechter Winkel
$\alpha = 60^\circ$		gestreckter Winkel
$\alpha = 360^\circ$		überstumpfer Winkel
$\alpha = 90^\circ$		Vollwinkel
$\alpha = 180^\circ$		stumpfer Winkel

Einteilung der Winkel. Winkelarten – Lösung

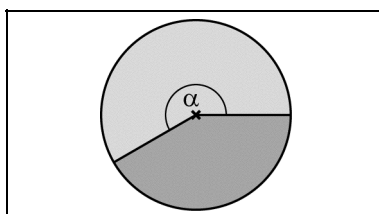
1

$\alpha = 110^\circ$



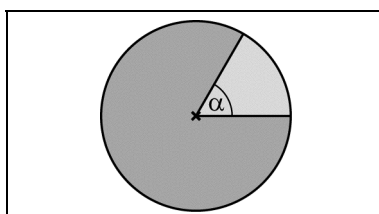
stumpfer Winkel

$\alpha = 210^\circ$



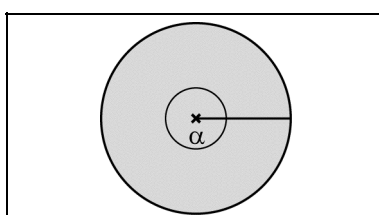
überstumpfer Winkel

$\alpha = 60^\circ$



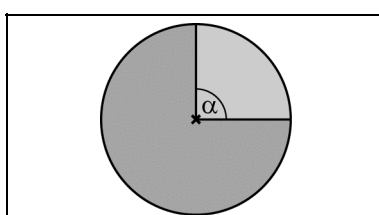
spitzer Winkel

$\alpha = 360^\circ$



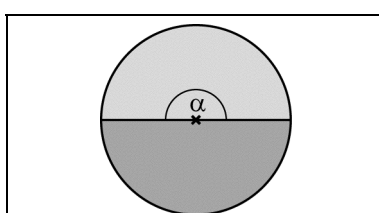
Vollwinkel

$\alpha = 90^\circ$



rechter Winkel

$\alpha = 180^\circ$



gestreckter Winkel