

1. Löse alle Aufgaben.
2. Überprüfe deine Lösungen online. Gib dazu den 🌐-Code (nach Ziel 5) auf [www.klett.de](http://www.klett.de) ein.
3. Gib dir selbst Punkte. Wenn du weniger als die Hälfte der Punkte hast, male das Kästchen rot aus und übe auf den Step by step-Seiten (z. B. bei Unit 1 auf S. 18–19).



→ © 5hu92e

**Ziel 1: I can understand information about historical places in England.**

- 1 4000 years ago, a stone circle was built in the south of England. We don't know who built it or why it was built. This mystery makes it so interesting that more than a million tourists visit Stonehenge every year.
- 5 Different people invaded England in the past. The Romans came first and built Hadrian's Wall in the north of England. The Vikings invaded the English city of York in 866. In 1066 the Normans came across the sea from France and a Norman became the new king of England.
- 10 The Industrial Revolution was from 1780–1840. There were lots of factories and the cities were often dirty. Today there is less industry and the cities are much nicer.



Answer the questions.

1. Who built Stonehenge and why? We don't know who built Stonehenge or why it was built.
2. Why do so many tourists visit Stonehenge every year? The mystery makes it interesting.
3. Who invaded England in the past? The Romans, the Vikings and the Normans invaded England in the past.
4. Where did the Normans come from? The Normans came from France.
5. What were the cities like in the Industrial Revolution? There were lots of factories and the cities were often dirty.

5P

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**Ziel 2: I can give and understand directions.**

→ © 5z8br5 → © iy5v47

- a) You are at **X** on the map. Read the directions. Where do they take you?

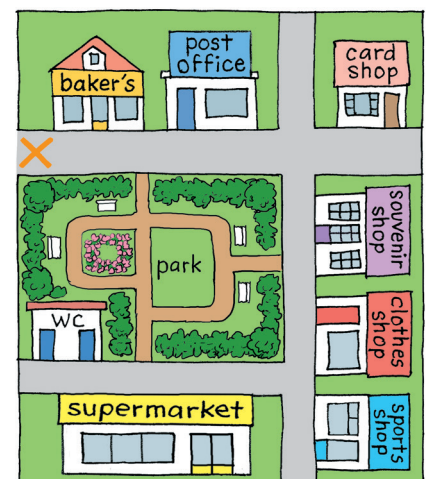
Go straight on. Walk past the post office. Turn right and walk past the park. Turn right and it's on the left.

the supermarket

- b) Write directions to the sports shop:

Go straight on and take the first street on the right.

Go straight on and walk past the souvenir shop and the clothes shop. The sports shop is on the left.



6P

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## Ziel 3: I can talk in more detail about where I live.

→ © bu465i → © eb9a6m

- a) Collect words and phrases you can use to describe a town, city or village (Lösungsvorschlag)

Where is it? <i>in the north/south/east/ west of, in the centre of, near, ... kilometres from...</i>	What is it? <i>village, town, city</i>	How many inhabitants? <i>600,000 1 million</i>
What is it like? What can you see there? <i>quiet, noisy, countryside, industry, factories, farms</i>	What can you do there? <i>cinema, sports club, park, playground, shops, cafés</i>	My favourite place <i>cinema, park, department store</i>

- b) Write a short text about where you live.

*Stuttgart is in the south of Germany. It is a big city and it has about 600,000 inhabitants. There are some factories and it is sometimes noisy. There are a lot of cinemas, parks, shops and cafés. My favourite place is the Schlosspark.*

7P

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## Ziel 4: I can understand a story from the past.

→ © zu2x3g

Read the text on pages 20–22 in your book again. Tick the right box.

	right	wrong
1. Jonas opens the door when the coal arrives.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. When the canary sings, there is gas in the mine.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3. Jonas stopped talking because he was sick.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
4. One day the canary stopped singing.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. Suddenly Jonas shouted, "Gas!"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. The canary died in the explosion.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
7. Everyone said thank you.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



7P

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Ziel 5: I can pass on information about the history of a sport.

**Cricket**

1 Football is the most-watched sport in the world, but did you know that cricket is the second most popular sport?

5 Cricket is very old: children played it in Norman times. The adult game began about 400 years ago. In 1800 only rich men played cricket. It was a good sport for old and young men because it was quite easy and slow. It was so slow that a match took five days! It was normal to have lunch or tea while the game was played. It is still normal today for cricket players to have lunch and snacks together when they are not playing.

10 Cricket also became popular in countries like Australia, India, Pakistan and Sri Lanka. Today there are famous competitions between



these countries. The most famous is called 'The Ashes', which is played between Australia and England every year in July. It is played in the country which won the year before. The cup that the winners get is probably the smallest prize in the world! Australia has won The Ashes more often than England.

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a) Beantworte die Fragen.

1. Warum ist Cricket ein guter Sport für Jung und Alt? Es ist leicht und langsam.
2. Was kann man machen, wenn ein Spiel lange dauert? Man kann etwas essen oder trinken.
3. Wie heißt der berühmteste Cricket-Wettbewerb und was können die Mannschaften gewinnen?  
The Ashes. Man kann den kleinsten Pokal der Welt gewinnen.

b) Du bist mit deiner Familie bei einem Fußballspiel. Ein junger Mann aus England will sich mit deinem Vater unterhalten. Vermittle zwischen den beiden.

Man: Hi! It's a great match, isn't it? Do you watch every match here?

You: Er findet das Spiel toll. Er will wissen, ob wir jedes Spiel hier anschauen.

Your dad: Sag ihm, dass wir jeden Samstag hierher kommen. Frag ihn, ob er auch Fußball spielt.

You: We come here every Saturday. Do you play football too?

Man: Yes, I play football for the club in my town. Do you play football too?

You: Er spielt für den Club/Verein in seiner Stadt. Er will wissen, ob wir auch Fußball spielen.

Your dad: Sag ihm, dass ich in der Vergangenheit gespielt habe und dass du jedes Wochenende spielst.

You: My dad played football in the past. I play football every weekend.



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